

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/434,992	11/05/1999	JOSEPH M. CANNON	90-81-39	4633	
759	90 10/23/2002				
William H Bollman Manelli Denison & Selter PLLC			EXAMINER		
			NGUYEN, DUC MINH		
2000 M Street NW Suite 700 Washington, DC 20036-0337					
washington, DC	20030-0337		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2643	2643	
			DATE MAILED: 10/23/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Уy

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/434,992	CANNON ET AL.			
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Duc Nguyen	2643			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
THE - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reprepriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statutely received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a rep ly within the statutory minimum of thirty will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTI e, cause the application to become ABA	oly be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·				
2a)□	This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ T	his action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
·	Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the applicatio	n				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-34</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers						
	The specification is objected to by the Examino	er.				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.					
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
* 8	application from the International Bosee the attached detailed Office action for a list	ıreau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	•			
14) 🗌 A	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	ic priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(e) (to a provisional application).			
)	• •				
Attachmen	t(s)					
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _	5) Notice of Inf	ummary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) formal Patent Application (PTO-152) .			
J.S. Patent and Ti PTO-326 (Re		ction Summary	Part of Paper No. 12			

Art Unit: 2643

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371© of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

2. Claims 1-5, 11-14, 15, 21-24, 26, 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Reuben et al (5,467,385).

Consider claims 1-3, 5, 11-13, 15, 21-23, 26, 28. Reuben teaches a caller ID device (see fig. 1, CID recorder 10) comprising a memory (col. 12, ln. 8-14) adapted to store caller ID data associated with an incoming call; and a processor (fig. 2, control logic 38) adapted to selectively store the caller ID data based on an off-hook status of a telephone (the call is answered by

Art Unit: 2643

answering machine 17; abstract; col. 2, ln. 14 to col. 5, ln. 10). Furthermore, fig. 2 and (col. 9, ln. 35 to col. 12, ln. 46) clearly shows that the control logic only stores CID when the answering machine (17) goes off-hook by detecting the answering machine status (answering machine status detector 20) and (line status detector 24).

Consider claims 4, 14, 24. Reuben further teach the off-hook status relates to whether an answered call is answered by a person or by a machine (the call is answered by answering machine 17; abstract; col. 2, ln. 14 to col. 5, ln. 10). Furthermore, fig. 2 and (col. 9, ln. 35 to col. 12, ln. 46) clearly shows that the control logic only stores CID when the answering machine (17) goes off-hook by detecting the answering machine status (answering machine status detector 20) and (line status detector 24).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 6, 16, 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reuben et al (5,467,385) in view of Hirai (5,446,785).

Art Unit: 2643

Consider claims 6, 16, 27. Reuben does not teach the caller ID data is store in the memory with a flag indicating whether the call was answered.

Hirai teaches the caller ID data is store in the memory with a flag indicating whether the call was answered (no-response code "0"; fig. 5, 6A-B, response information; col. 13, ln. 32 to col. 14, ln. 4).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the teachings of Hirai into the teachings of Reuben, so that answered calls can be easily distinguished from unanswered calls.

5. Claims 7-10, 17-20, 29-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reuben et al (5,467,385) in view of Lim et al (5,883,942).

Consider claims 7, 17. Reuben does not teach the processor being adapted to affect storage of a plurality of previously stored caller ID data in response to a given condition.

Lim teaches the processor being adapted to affect storage of a plurality of previously stored caller ID data in response to a given condition (col. 6, ln. 20-29).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the teachings of Lim into the teachings of Reuben in order to save memory space, since the memory space is small and limited.

Art Unit: 2643

Consider claims 8, 18. Lim further teaches the given condition being an indication that the memory is more full than a predetermined threshold (a pre-determined number of incoming calls, i.e., 20, 50 or 100; col. 6, ln. 2-29).

Consider claims 9, 19. Lim further teaches the given condition is user input (col. 6, ln. 34 to col. 8, ln. 13, especially, col. 7, ln. 10-16).

Consider claims 10, 20. Lim further teaches keypad (user interface 22).

Consider claim 25. Lim further teaches the caller ID storage decision is further based on a blocked status of at least a portion of the received caller ID data (col. 13, ln. 20 to col. 14, ln. 17).

Consider claims 29-30. Lim further teaches the caller ID storage decision is made in response to user input and affects caller ID data already stored (col. 6, ln. 34 to col. 8, ln. 13, especially, col. 7, ln. 10-16).

Consider claim 31. Lim further teaches the given condition being an indication that the memory is more full than a predetermined threshold (a pre-determined number of incoming calls, i.e., 20, 50 or 100; col. 6, ln. 2-29).

Consider claim 32. Lim further teaches the caller ID storage decision is made in response to user input (col. 6, ln. 34 to col. 8, ln. 13, especially, col. 7, ln. 10-16).

Consider claim 33. Lim further teaches keypad (user interface 22).

Consider claim 34. Lim further teaches the caller ID device is part of a telephone (fig. 1).

Art Unit: 2643

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Duc Nguyen whose telephone number is (703) 308-7527.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Kuntz, can be reached on (703) 305-4708.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 308-6306 or (703) 308-6296 (Group's Fax numbers) (703) 746-7251 (Examiner's Fax number, only for proposed amendment)

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington. VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

October 10, 2002

DUC NGUYEN
PRIMARY EXAMINER